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## **CLAIMS**

- 1. (Previously presented) An isolated polypeptide, comprising an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 14 and 16.
- 2. (Previously presented) An isolated polypeptide, comprising an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 14 and 16; or a conservative variant thereof.
- 3. (Previously presented) An isolated polypeptide, comprising an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 2 and 8.
  - 4. (Canceled).
- 5. (Currently amended) A COX-1 variant binding agent, which binds an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 14 and 16; or an epitope thereof.
- 6. (Original) The binding agent of claim 5, wherein said binding agent is an antibody, or antigen binding fragment thereof.
- 7. (Original) A cell, comprising the exogenously expressed polypeptide of claim 1, 2, or 3.
  - 8. (Withdrawn) A method for identifying a compound that modulates a COX-1 variant, comprising:
  - a) contacting said COX-1 variant with a compound, wherein said COX-1 variant is an isolated COX-1 variant or a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell, and
  - b) determining the level of an indicator, which correlates with modulation of a COX-1 variant,

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wherein an alteration in the level of said indicator as compared to a control level indicates that said compound is a compound that modulates a COX-1 variant.

- 9. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said alteration is an increase5 in the level of said indicator.
  - 10. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said alteration is a decrease in the level of said indicator.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 2.
  - 12. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 3.
  - 13. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is an isolated COX-1 variant polypeptide.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said COX-1 variant in step 20 (a) is a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell.
  - 15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, wherein said COX-1 variant is exogenously expressed.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said indicator is prostaglandin E2 (PGE2).
  - 17. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said compound is a small molecule.

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- 18. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein said compound is a polypeptide.
- 19. (Withdrawn) A method for identifying a compound that specifically binds to a COX-1 variant, comprising:
  - a) contacting said COX-1 variant with a compound, wherein said COX-1 variant is an isolated COX-1 variant or a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell, and
    - b) determining specific binding of said compound to said COX-1 variant.
  - 20. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 2.
- 21. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 3.
  - 22. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is an isolated COX-1 polypeptide.
  - 23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said COX-1 in step (a) is a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell.
- 24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23, wherein said COX-1 variant is exogenously expressed.
  - 25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said contacting occurs in vitro.

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- 26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said compound is a small molecule.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said compound is a polypeptide. 5
  - 28. (Withdrawn) A method for identifying a compound that differentially modulates a COX-1 variant, comprising:
  - a) contacting said COX-1 variant with a compound, wherein said COX-1 variant is an isolated COX-1 variant or a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell;
    - b) determining the level of an indicator which correlates with modulation of said COX-1 variant;
      - c) contacting a second COX enzyme with said compound;
  - d) determining the level of a corresponding indicator which correlates with modulation of said second COX enzyme; and
  - e) comparing the level of the indicator from step (b) with the level of the corresponding indicator from step (d), wherein a different level of the indicator from step (b) compared to the level of the corresponding indicator from step (d) indicates that said compound is a compound that differentially modulates said COX-1 variant.
  - 29. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said second COX enzyme is a different COX-1 variant.
  - 30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said second COX enzyme comprises the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 10, or a functional fragment thereof.
  - 31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said second COX enzyme comprises the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 26, or a functional fragment thereof.

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- 32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein the level of said indicator from step (b) is greater than the level of said corresponding indicator from step (d).
- 5 33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein the level of said indicator from step (b) is less than the level of said corresponding indicator from step (d).
  - 34. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 2.
  - 35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 3.
- 36. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said COX-1 variant in step

  15 (a) is an isolated COX-1 polypeptide.
  - 37. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell.
  - 38. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein said COX-1 variant is exogenously expressed.
    - 39. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said indicator in step (b) is prostaglandin E2 (PGE2).
    - 40. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said compound is a small molecule.

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- 41. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said compound is a polypeptide.
- 42. (Withdrawn) A method for identifying a compound that differentially binds to a COX-1 variant, comprising:
  - a) contacting said COX-1 variant with a compound, wherein said COX-1 variant is an isolated COX-1 or a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell;
    - b) determining specific binding of said compound to said COX-1 variant;
    - c) contacting a second COX enzyme with said compound;
- d) determining specific binding of said compound to said second COX enzyme; and
- e) comparing the level of specific binding from step (b) with the level of specific binding from step (d), wherein a different level of specific binding from step (b) compared to the level of specific binding from step (d) Indicates that said compound is a compound that differentially binds to a COX-1 variant.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said second COX enzyme is a different COX-1 variant.
- 44. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said second COX enzyme comprises the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 10, or a functional fragment thereof.
- 45. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said second COX enzyme comprises the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 26, or a functional fragment thereof.
  - 46. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said different level of specific binding is an increased level of binding.

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- 47. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said different level of specific binding is a decreased level of binding.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 2. 5
  - 49. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is the polypeptide of claim 3.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said COX-1 variant in step 10 (a) is an isolated COX-1 polypeptide.
  - 51. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said COX-1 variant in step (a) is a COX-1 variant over-expressed in a genetically engineered cell.
  - 52. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 51, wherein said COX-1 variant is exogenously expressed.
- 53. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said contacting occurs in 20 vitro.
  - 54. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said compound is a small molecule.
- 55. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42, wherein said compound is a 25 polypeptide.

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- 56. (Withdrawn) An isolated nucleic acid molecule, comprising a nucleotide sequence that encodes a polypeptide comprising
- a) an amino acid sequence having at least 50% amino acid identity with SEQ ID NO: 10, and
- b) an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 20, 22 and 24; or a conservative variant thereof.
  - 57. 60. (Canceled).
- 61. (New) An isolated nucleic acid molecule, comprising a nucleotide sequence that encodes an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 2 and 8.
- 62. (New) An isolated nucleic acid molecule, comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 7.
  - 63. (New) A vector, comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 61.
  - 64. (New) A vector, comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 62.
  - 65. (New) A host cell, comprising the vector of claim 63.
  - 66. (New) A host cell, comprising the vector of claim 64.